

Doylestown Climate Action Planning

James Baldassarre Curtis Sawyer

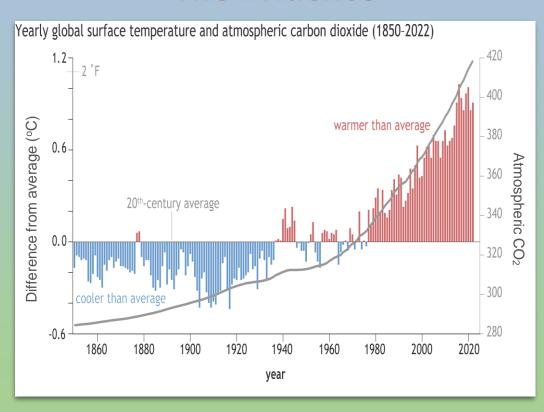




Context for Climate Action Planning



The Evidence



National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)

The Positive Impact



New Climate Economy



Background



The Doylestown Township Environmental Advisory Council (EAC) is developing a Township Climate Action Plan

- Roadmap to achieve Township's climate goals
- To be adopted by Board of Supervisors
- Target completion 2Q, 2024

Today's Objectives:

- Share our process & progress
- Get your input

What are you most interested in hearing about?

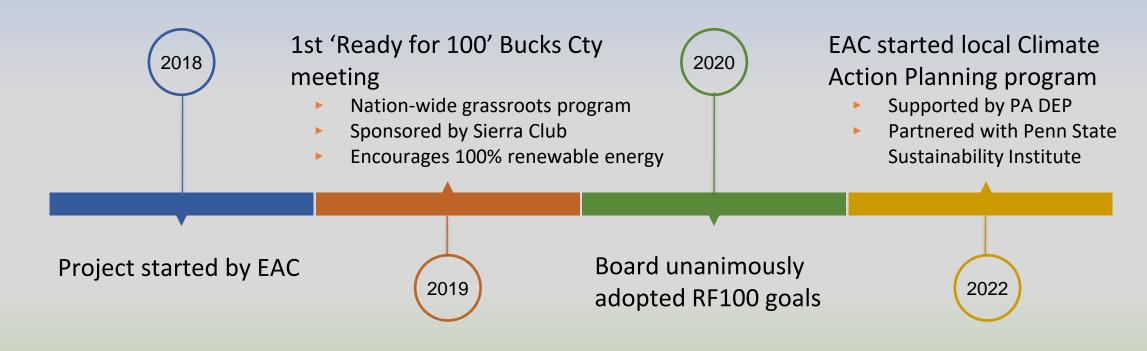


PollEv.com/peterhess278



Our Journey





Goals

- 100% renewable electricity by 2035
- 100% renewable energy for <u>all uses</u> by 2050



Climate Action Planning (CAP) Steps



- 1 Set goal
 - ² Understand community
 - 3 Create baseline greenhouse gas inventory
 - 4 Brainstorm potential climate actions
 - 5 Model impact on future GHG* emissions
 - 6 Refine and ratify with community input
 - 7 Secure Board of Supervisors adoption
 - 8 Execute CAP and monitor results



Doylestown Township Quick Facts





Attributes

- Largely suburban (Borough is "urban")
- Residential Single family homes on larger lots
- Commercial offices, shopping centers, car dealerships, health care

Demographics

17,941

Population

89.6%

Race (white)

57.7%

College Educated

22.6%

6,203

3.9%

> 65 yrs old

Households

Poverty



Top Energy Users



			Óo
Shopping Center	ller.	3/6	Multi-Family housing
Sping	Car dealler	4/69/14/69/6	i-Family
Ž			Mult
		Office	bark
	Other		University







Brainstormed Potential Actions



- Collaborated with Doylestown Borough
 - Explored joint actions, given proximity
 - Aimed to coordinate & simplify
- Evaluated for impact & feasibility

Areas Considered



Transportation



Consumer behavior



Residential energy



Electrical grid



Commercial energy



Water and wastewater



Solid waste



Agriculture

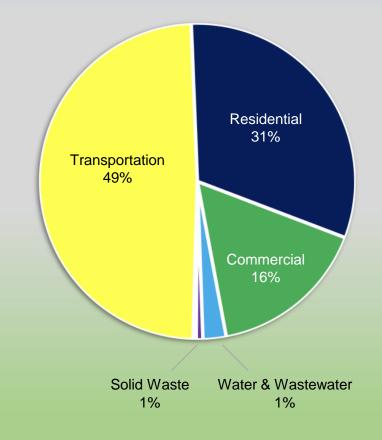


Baseline Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Inventory



- Transportation is major driver
 - Mostly on-road transportation fuel use
 - Little off-road use (except lawn & garden)
- Commercial
 - Mostly office & shopping center
 - No heavy industry
- Residential & commercial
 - More nuclear than national average
- Developed with Penn State & PA DEP using ICLEI¹ ClearPath model

2019 Baseline \simeq 160,000 mtCO₂e² (~ 35,000 passenger vehicles driven for 1 year)



^{1 -} International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives

^{2 -} metric tons of CO2 equivalent



Evaluating Actions: Transportation



Category	Sub-cate gory	Action	lo de la companya de	P PO	Applicability	L'andollity.
EVs	Chargers	Building codes				
		Subdy, ordinance				
		Fin. incentives				
		Municipal locations	_			
		W ork places	_			
	Education					
	Direct fin. incentives					
Congestion mitigation		Traffic light tim ing	MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA MANA			
		Traffic circles	_			
		Park and ride				
Mass transit			_			
Biking/walking/e-biking			_			
Ridesharing						
Telepresence			_			
Heavy trucks	EVs/low emission fuels					
Light aircraft	EVs/low emission fuels					
Off road/lawn & garden	Electrification					
	Reduction in lawns					
	Electric golf carts					
	Construction equip.	Low emissions				

Legend





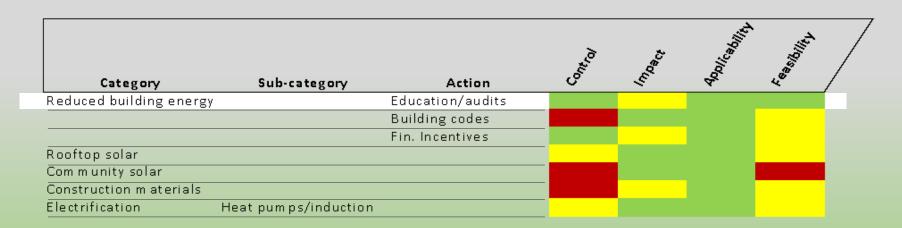
Evaluating Actions: **Buildings**



Residential

			Control	Peduj	4001Cability	Feanblity.	/
Category 5	ub-category	Action	G.	E.	48.	4e	
Reduced building energy		Education/audits					
		Building codes					
		Fin. Incentives					
Rooftop solar							
Community solar							
Construction m aterials							
Hom e electrification Heat p	um ps/induction						

Commercial



Legend





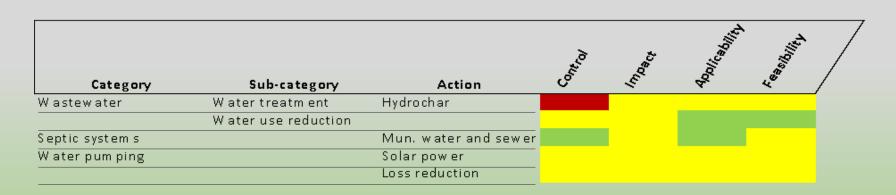
Evaluating Actions: Waste & Water



Solid Waste

Category	Sub-category	Action	Control	to god up	400lcability	F. C. S.	
Reduction	Consum er behavior	Education					
		Tax					
	Diversion	Recycling/com posting					
Reduction of methane		Composting					
		Co-generation					
		Capture					

Water & Wastewater



Legend





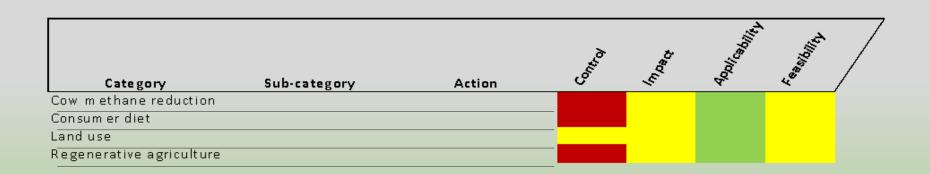
Evaluating Actions: Grid & Agriculture



Grid



Agriculture



Legend





Evaluating Actions: Summary



Top Actions



EVs

- Financial incentives
- Municipal chargers



Off-road electrification



Education

- Building energy
- Waste reduction



Rooftop solar



Waste - tax incentives

Iriteria

Control - it's within our power to implement
Impact - has a material impact on emissions
Applicability - relevant to the Township
Feasibility - "do-able"

Which action area are you most interested in?



PollEv.com/peterhess278



Modeling: Introduction



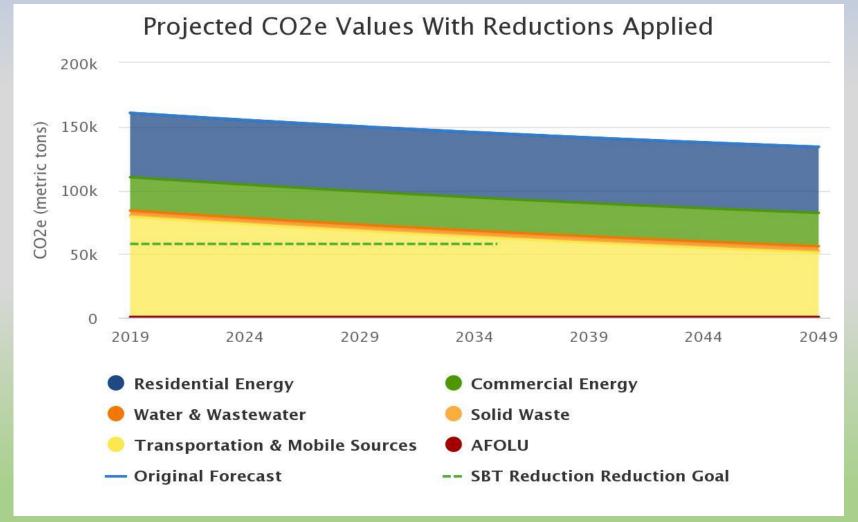
- Projected future GHG emissions using ClearPath model
 - ► Baseline = 2019
 - Modeling horizon = 2050
- Considered effects outside direct local control
 - Limited ability to impact locally
 - Trends in market, federal/state incentives & directives
- Started to assess gap to be closed





Modeling: Baseline

 Model of existing fuel economy standards for cars
 & light trucks

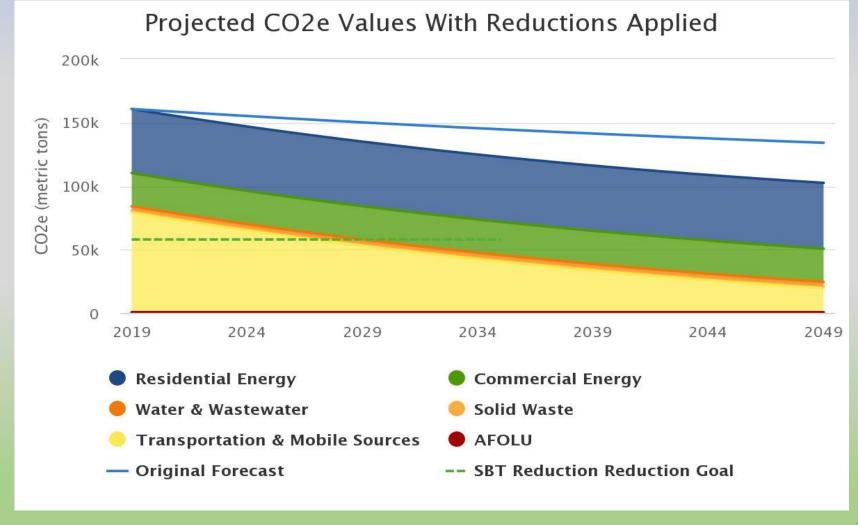






Modeling: **EV Adoption**

 Ratable increase in EV penetration to 65% of car & light truck fleet by 2050

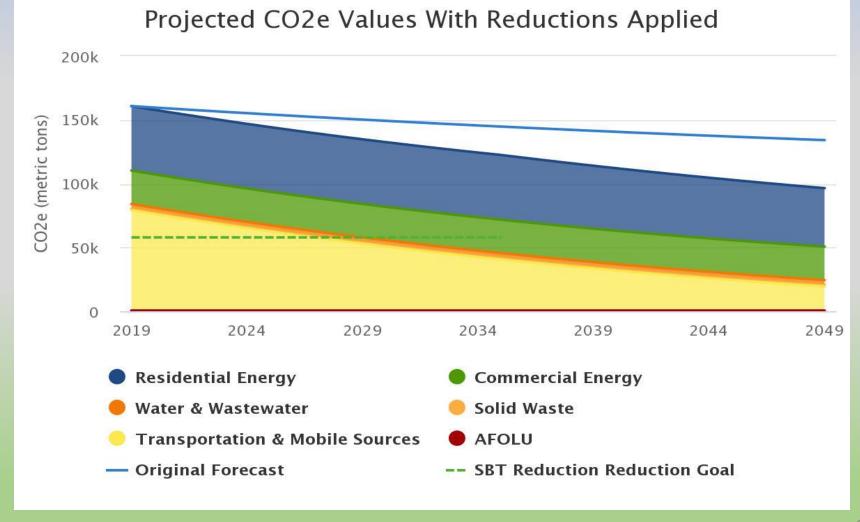






Modeling: Residential Solar

 Installation of 100KW/year 2023-2035, 1000KW/year 2036-2050

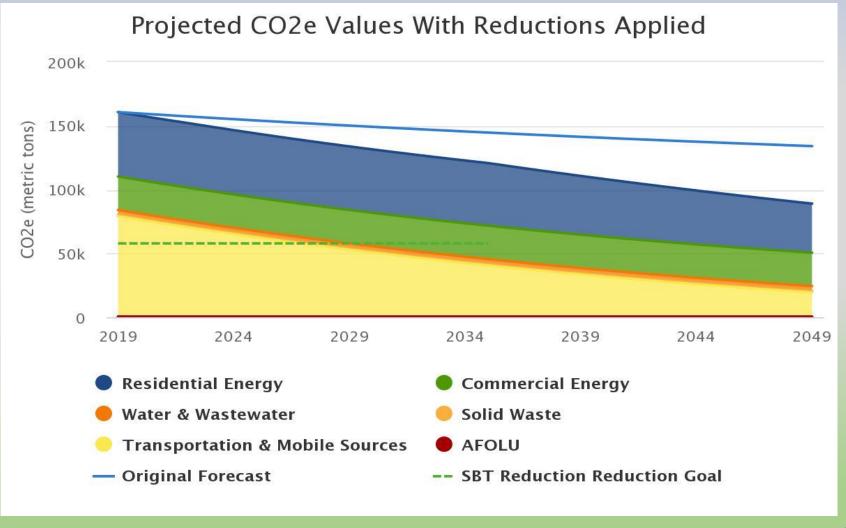






Modeling: Residential Heat Pumps

- Boiler replacements at 5% / year
 - 20% by 2023-2035
 - > 75% by 2036-2050

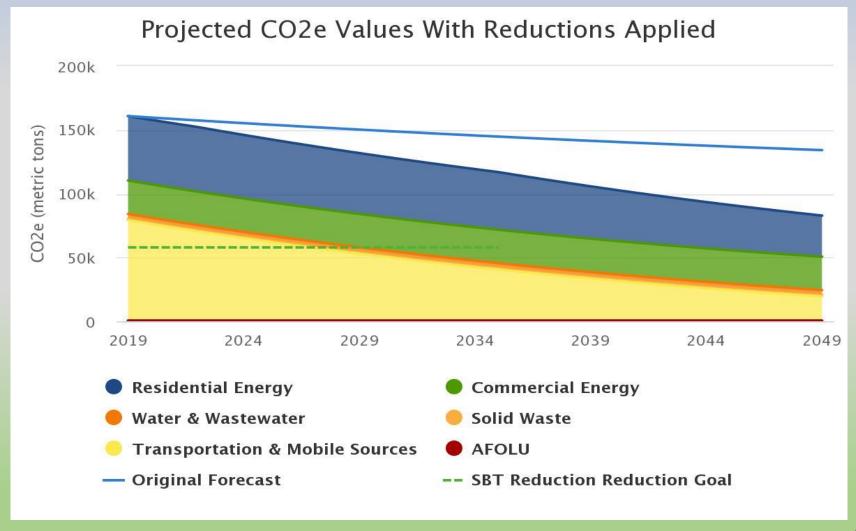






Modeling: Residential Energy Education

 Reach 10% of households each year

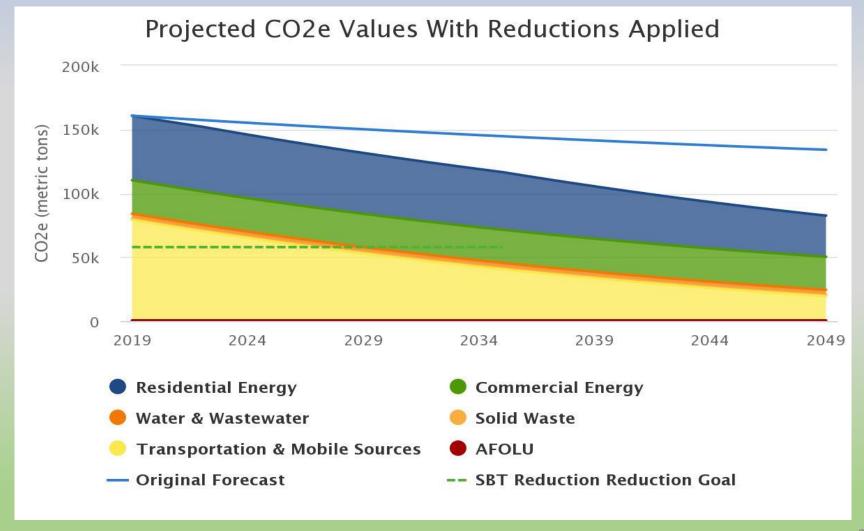






Modeling: Commercial Solar

50 KW of installed capacity/year –2023-2035





Issues to Address



Landlord/tenant problem

- Mis-aligned incentives
- Landlords own buildings but tenants pay bills
- Landlords can't justify PV solar/energy improvements
- AIM: Align incentives for PV solar/energy to be profitable to all

Community solar

- Allows participation by properties in a collective installation
- ~Half of housing stock suited to PV solar
- Currently not allowed by PA law
- **AIM**: Support Community Solar & explore Virtual Meter Aggregation



Primary Goals of Community Engagement



Refine Plans

- Enroll local experts
- Tailor actions to real-world situations
- Connect experts with business people

Develop Support

- Provide accurate information to clarify "myths"
- Address perception of false tradeoffs between clean energy & economic activity



Key Takeaways: Co-benefits



Reducing carbon is not like "eating your spinach"!

- There are huge co-benefits
 - Healthier air & water
 - Good green-industry jobs
 - Economic savings

More comfortable homes

Less noise pollution

Pollution from operating two-stroke leaf blower for 30 minutes







Driving a Camry 1,100 miles



Key Takeaways: Talk & Act



Talk with friends & neighbors!

- Individual actions are <u>necessary</u> but not sufficient
 - Buying LED bulbs & caulking windows won't achieve zero emissions
- We'll actively influence behavior & encourage "green" practices
 - You play a key role

75%*

Americans support climate change mitigation

VS.

40%*

Peoples' estimate of their peers' degree of support



Key Takeaways: Influence Officials



You can influence our elected officials!

- Many actions aren't within our control
 - "Greening" the grid
 - Changing building codes for energy efficiency
 - Converting to carbon-free transportation
- The State is needed to execute <u>essential</u> broad actions



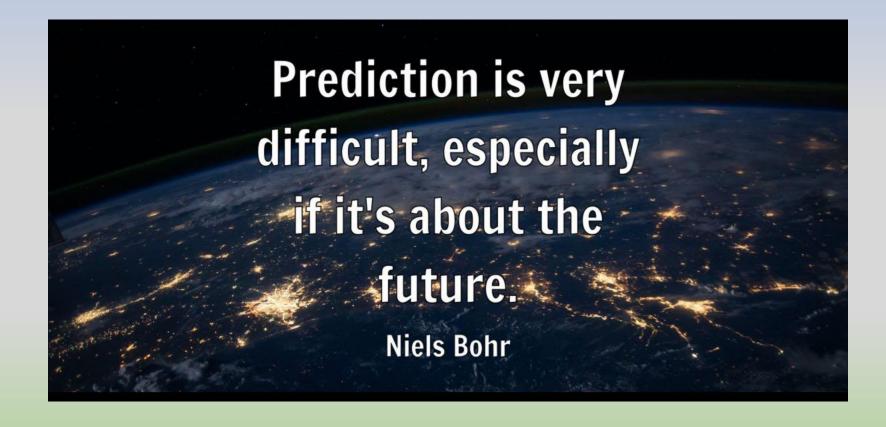
Our Next Steps



- Continue getting community input
- Refine & ratify potential actions
- Secure Board of Supervisors Climate Action Plan adoption
- Execute CAP, monitor results & adjust













Questions & Comments



What questions or comments do you have?



PollEv.com/peterhess278







